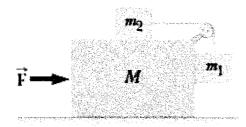
台灣聯合大學系統102學年度碩士班招生考試命題紙 共2頁第12頁

科目:普通物理(2002)

校系所組:中央大學光電科學與工程學系照明與顯示科技碩士班 交通大學電子物理學系(丙組) 交通大學物理研究所 清華大學物理學系 清華大學先進光源科技學位學程(物理組) 清華大學材料科學工程學系(乙組) 陽明大學生醫光電研究所(理工組) 清華大學天文研究所

:背面有試題

1. (20%) In the following figure, a horizontal force F is applied to the larger block of mass M=10kg so that the two smaller blocks of masses $m_1=5$ kg and $m_2=3$ kg remain stationary relative to the larger block. (a) (10%) Assume all surfaces and the pulley are frictionless, give the value of F in terms of the magnitude of gravitational acceleration g. (b) (10%) If the surfaces between any two of the blocks have frictions with the same static coefficient $\mu_s=0.1$ but the pulley is still frictionless, what are the maximum and minimum values of F?



- 2. (10%) A solid cylinder and a hollow cylinder shell, both of mass M and radius R, roll without slipping on a ramp from at rest initially. The ramp has a length L and is inclined at an angle θ with the horizontal ground. (a) (5%) Which one of the two cylinders reaches the ground first and why? (b) (5%) τ_1 and τ_2 are the times requiring for the solid cylinder and the hollow cylinder rolling down to the ground, respectively. What is the ratio τ_1/τ_2 ?
- 3. (10%) (a) (5%) Write down the wave equation for a wave function y(x,t), which represents the transverse displacement of the element at position x at time t, traveling along a one-dimensional string. (b) (5%) What is the rate of energy transfer by a sinusoidal traveling wave $y(x,t) = A \sin(kx-\omega t)$ on a string with mass density μ and a tension T.
- 4. (10%) An ideal gas of N particles at temperature T is initially restricted to a part of volume V in an insulated container. During a free expansion, the ideal gas is allowed to expand into the remainder of the container of total volume 3V. What is the change in entropy of the ideal gas and give the reasons how you get your answer.

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- 5. (10%) For a point light source which radiates 100 Joules of energy per second, calculate the root-mean-square magnetic field strength at the point *P* which is 10 cm away from the source. What is the maximal strength of electric field at the same point?
- 6. (15%) (a) (5%) Write down the relation between current density J inside a strip of copper and the drift velocity v_d of the charge carriers in the copper. (b) (10%) Explain how one can measure the number of charge carriers per unit volume in the copper using Hall effect.
- 7. (10%) A parallel plate capacitor with C=0.15 μ F has a separation between its plates of d=40.0 μ m. The dielectric that fills the space between the plates has dielectric constant κ =2.5 and resistivity ρ =4.0×10¹² Ω m. What is the time constant for this capacitor?
- 8. (5%) Explain what Maxwell's displacement current is?
- 9. (10%) Two metal spheres of radii r₁=20 cm and r₂=40 cm, respectively, have been positively charged so that both have a total charge of 400 μC. (a) (5%) What is the ratio of their surface charge densities? (b) (5%) If the two spheres are connected by a copper wire, how much charge flows through the wire before the system reaches equilibrium?

