

1. (21%) Find the following limit respectively.

- (a)  $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} (5 + 6x^2)^{\frac{2}{\ln x}}$   
(b)  $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left[ \frac{1}{3n+1} + \frac{1}{3n+2} + \cdots + \frac{1}{4n} \right]$   
(c)  $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\int_0^{\infty} x^n e^{-x} dx}{n!}$

2. (10%) Let  $f$  satisfy

$$3f(x) + \int_0^x e^{t^2} f'(t) dt = x + 3 \quad \forall x \in \mathbb{R}.$$

Find  $f'(0)$  and an equation for the tangent line  $T$  to the graph of  $f$  at  $x_0 = 0$ .

3. (14%) In the following (a) – (b), find the interval of convergence respectively.

- (a)  $\sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k}{k^3 4^k} (x+3)^k$   
(b)  $\sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{2k^3}{e^k} x^k$

4. (15%) Let  $f : \mathbb{R}^2 \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  be defined by

$$f(x, y) = \begin{cases} \sqrt{x^2 + y^2} \sin\left(\frac{y^2}{x}\right) & \text{if } x \neq 0, \\ 0 & \text{if } x = 0. \end{cases}$$

- (a) Show that  $f$  is continuous at the point  $(0, 0)$ .  
(b) Show that  $f$  has directional derivatives in every direction at  $(0, 0)$ .  
(c) Is  $f$  differentiable at  $(0, 0)$ ? Why?

5. (15%) Find the following integral respectively.

- (a)  $\int \left( \frac{e^x}{x} + e^x \ln x \right) dx$   
(b)  $\int_1^{\infty} \frac{\ln x}{x^2} dx$   
(c)  $\iint_A x^2 e^{y^4} dx dy$ , where  $A = \{(x, y) \mid 0 \leq x \leq 1, x \leq y \leq 1\}$ .

6. (10%) Sketch the graph of  $f(x) = x^2 e^x$ , showing maximum points, minimum points, and points of inflection.

7. (a) (10%) Let  $g(x, y) = x^4 - 2x^2 + y^2 - 2$ . Find the local extreme values of  $g$ .

(b) (5%) Determine the maximum value of  $f(x, y, z) = 3x - 2y + z$  on the sphere  $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = 14$ .