

(1) Find

(a)  $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\sqrt[n]{n!}}{n}$ ; (10%)

(b)  $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} (1 + \frac{1+x+x^2+\dots+x^n}{n})^n$ ,  $|x| < 1$ . (10%)

(2) If  $f: \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  is a continuous function;  $f(f(x)) = x$  for all real  $x$ . Show that there exists  $\xi \in \mathbb{R}$  such that  $f(\xi) = \xi$ . (10%)

(3) If  $f: \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  is continuous, show that

$$\int_0^x [\int_0^u f(t) dt] du = \int_0^x f(u)(x-u) du. \quad (10\%)$$

(4) Let  $a > 1, b > 1, f: \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  is a bounded function and  $f(ax) = bf(x)$  for all real  $x$ .

(a) Find  $f(0)$ . (5%)

(b) Show that  $f$  is continuous at 0. (10%)

(5) Let  $f(x) = \int_0^\infty \frac{e^{-xt^2}}{1+t^2} dt, x \in (0, \infty)$ . Show that  $f(x)$  is uniformly convergent and differentiable on  $(0, \infty)$ . (10%)

(6) (a) Does series of functions  $\sum_{n=1}^\infty e^{-nx} \sin(\frac{x}{n})$  converges uniformly on  $[0, \infty)$ ? Give your proof. (10%)

(b) Determine whether the function  $f(x) = \sum_{n=1}^\infty e^{-nx} \sin(\frac{x}{n})$  is uniformly continuous on  $[0, 10]$ . Give your reason. (5%)

(7) Let  $f_0: [0, 1] \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  be a continuous function. For each  $n = 1, 2, 3, \dots$ , let  $f_n(x) = \int_0^x f_{n-1}(t) dt$  for all  $x \in [0, 1]$ . If for every  $x \in (0, 1)$ , there exists an  $n$  such that  $x$  is an interior point of  $f_n^{-1}(\{0\})$ , prove that  $f_0 \equiv 0$  on  $[0, 1]$ . (10%)

(8) Determine whether in the system of equations

$$xv^2 + yu + x^2u^2 + y^3v = 0,$$

$$x^2u^6 + yv^3 + x^3y^2 + uv^2 = 0,$$

$u$  and  $v$  are solvable in terms of  $x$  and  $y$  near  $x = -1, y = 1, u = 1, v = -1$ . If this can be done, compute  $\frac{\partial v}{\partial x}(-1, 1)$  and  $\frac{\partial u}{\partial y}(-1, 1)$ . (10%)