國立中央大學97學年度碩士班考試入學試題卷

所別:太空科學研究所碩士班

科目:電磁學 共___頁 第___頁

*請在試卷答案卷(卡)內作答

- 1. (a) Write down Ohm's law and the differential forms of Maxwell's equations? (5 points)
 - (b) Which Maxwell's equation leads to a discovery of electromagnetic fields propagating in free space with the speed of light? (3 points)
 - (c) What does the linear, homogeneous, and isotropic medium mean? (3 points)
 - (d) Under an assumption of the linear, homogeneous, isotropic, and source-free medium, derive the following general wave equation of the electric fields $\vec{\bf E}$ from Maxwell's equations: (8 points)

$$\nabla^2 \vec{\mathbf{E}} = \mu \sigma \frac{\partial \vec{\mathbf{E}}}{\partial t} + \mu \epsilon \frac{\partial^2 \vec{\mathbf{E}}}{\partial t^2}$$

(Vector Identity: $\nabla \times \nabla \times \vec{\mathbf{F}} = \nabla(\nabla \cdot \vec{\mathbf{F}}) - \nabla^2 \vec{\mathbf{F}}$; ϵ : dielectric constant; μ : magnetic permeability; σ : conductivity)

- (e) Under which conditions, the general wave equations will become time-dependent wave (or Helmholtz) equations? (3 points)
- (f) What will happen to a plane wave if the wave is propagating in a conducting medium? (3 points)
- 2. (a) Explain Coulomb's law and Gauss's law for the electric fields. (6 points)
 - (b) Derive the electric field intensity at any point due to an infinite plane with a surface charge density ρ_s using Coulomb's law. (10 points)
 - (c) Derive the electric field intensity at any point due to an infinite plane with a surface charge density ρ_s using Gauss's law for the electric fields. (9 points)
- 3. (a) Explain the Biot-Savart law and Ampère's circuital law. (6 points)
 - (b) Derive the magnetic flux density at any point due to a very long, very thin, straight wire carrying a current I using the Biot-Savart law. (10 points)
 - (c) Derive the magnetic flux density at any point due to a very long, very thin, straight wire carrying a current I using Ampère's circuital law. (9 points)
- 4. The motion of a charged particle is governed by the Lorentz Force equation. With the equation, discuss the possible trajectory and the energy change of a positive charge moving with a velocity $\vec{\mathbf{v}}$ under the following conditions of the electric and magnetic fields:
 - (a) No electric and magnetic fields; (5 points)
 - (b) Uniform electric fields; (5 points)
 - (c) Uniform magnetic fields; (5 points)
 - (d) Uniform electric and magnetic fields, but the electric fields are perpendicular to the magnetic fields; (5 points)
 - (e) Nonuniform magnetic fields with a gradient perpendicular to the magnetic fields. (5 points)

