

國立中央大學101學年度碩士班考試入學試題卷

所別：太空科學研究所碩士班 不分組(一般生) 科目：應用數學 共 2 頁 第 1 頁  
太空科學研究所碩士班 不分組(在職生)

本科考試禁用計算器

\*請在試卷答案卷(卡)內作答

注意：作答時，如果只列出最後答案，卻沒有文字繪圖說明或計算步驟，該題將不予計分。

1. (20 points) [(a) 5 points, (b) 5 points, (c) 5 points, (d) 5 points]

Consider the following function

$$f(x) = \frac{n}{\sqrt{2\pi}\sigma} \exp\left[-\frac{(x-\mu)^2}{2\sigma^2}\right]$$

where  $n$ ,  $\mu$ , and  $\sigma$  are positive real numbers.

(a) Find the location(s) where  $\frac{d^2}{dx^2} f(x) = 0$ .

(b) Sketch the function  $f(x)$  from  $x \rightarrow -\infty$  to  $x \rightarrow +\infty$  and mark the location(s) where  $\frac{d}{dx} f(x) = 0$  and the location(s) where  $\frac{d^2}{dx^2} f(x) = 0$ .

(c) Determine the definite integral  $I_1 = \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} f(x) dx$

(d) Determine the definite integral  $I_2 = \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} x^2 f(x) dx$

2. (20 points) [(a) 10 points, (b) 5 points, (c) 5 points]

Consider a particle with mass  $m$ , position  $x(t)$ , and x-component velocity  $v_x(t)$ , so that

$$\frac{dx(t)}{dt} = v_x(t)$$

If the particle is decelerated by a velocity-dependent force, such that

$$m \frac{dv_x(t)}{dt} = -bv_x(t)$$

where  $b$  is a positive real number. For  $v_x(t)$  much less than the speed of light, the kinetic energy of the particle can be defined as  $E_k = (1/2)mv_x^2$ .

(a) Find the solutions of the functions  $x(t)$  and  $v_x(t)$  with initial conditions  $v_x(t=0) = v_0$  and  $x(t=0) = x_0$ .

(b) Determine how the particle kinetic energy changes with particle's position  $x$ .

(c) Sketch the kinetic energy  $E_k(x)$  as a function of particle's position  $x$  and determine where the particle will lose most of its kinetic energy.

注：背面有試題  
意

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3. (15 points) [(a) 5 points, (b) 5 points, (c) 5 points]

$$\text{Let } M = \begin{bmatrix} a & 0 & -i\omega \\ 0 & b & 0 \\ +i\omega & 0 & c \end{bmatrix} \text{ where } i = \sqrt{-1}$$

- (a) Find  $M^{-1}$  (the inverse matrix of  $M$ )  
 (b) Find the eigen values of the matrix  $M$ .  
 (c) Show that the eigen vectors of the different eigen values of the matrix  $M$  are perpendicular to each other.

4. (20 points) [(a) 5 points, (b) 5 points, (c) 10 points]

Evaluate the following definite integrals, where  $z_0 = 5 - 3i$  and  $i = \sqrt{-1}$

(a)  $I_1 = \int_{-\infty - i\infty}^{+\infty - i\infty} \frac{e^{-iz}}{z - z_0} dz$

(b)  $I_2 = \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} \frac{e^{-iz}}{z - z_0} dz$

(c)  $I_3 = \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} dk \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} f(\xi) e^{ik(x-\xi)} d\xi$

5. (25 points) [(a) 5 points, (b) 5 points, (c) 5 points, (d) 5 points, (e) 5 points]

Let us consider a spherical coordinate system  $(r, \theta, \phi)$ , where  $r$  is the radial distance from the origin;  $\theta$  is the polar angle between the position vector  $\mathbf{r} = r\hat{r}$  and the  $z$ -axis;  $\phi$  is the azimuthal angle of the position vector  $\mathbf{r}$  with respect to the  $x-z$  plane. The unit vectors  $\hat{r}, \hat{\theta}, \hat{\phi}$  are parallel to the  $\nabla r, \nabla \theta,$  and  $\nabla \phi$  directions, respectively.

Please determine the following vector differentiations.

(a) Let  $\partial \hat{\theta} / \partial \theta = a_1 \hat{r} + a_2 \hat{\theta} + a_3 \hat{\phi}$ . Find  $a_1, a_2, a_3$

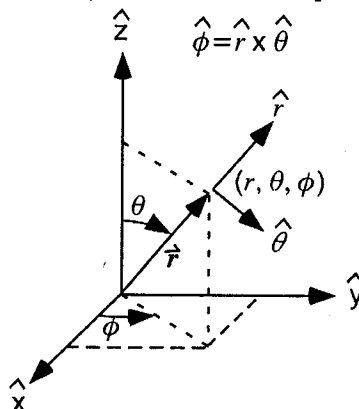
(b) Let  $\partial \hat{r} / \partial \theta = b_1 \hat{r} + b_2 \hat{\theta} + b_3 \hat{\phi}$ . Find  $b_1, b_2, b_3$

(c) Let  $\partial \hat{r} / \partial \phi = c_1 \hat{r} + c_2 \hat{\theta} + c_3 \hat{\phi}$ . Find  $c_1, c_2, c_3$

(d) Let  $\partial \hat{\phi} / \partial \phi = d_1 \hat{r} + d_2 \hat{\theta} + d_3 \hat{\phi}$ . Find  $d_1, d_2, d_3$

(e) Let  $\partial \hat{\theta} / \partial \phi = e_1 \hat{r} + e_2 \hat{\theta} + e_3 \hat{\phi}$ . Find  $e_1, e_2, e_3$

(以上每小題，三組係數同時答對才計分)



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