## 國立中央大學111學年度碩士班考試入學試題

所別: 環境工程研究所 碩士班 乙組(一般生)

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科目: 環境工程概論

- 1. 解釋名詞 (20%)
  - (A) Solid recovered fuel (SRF)
  - (B) Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs)
  - (C) Greenhouse gas
  - (D) cyclone
  - (E) Disinfection by products (DBPs)
- 2. Please draw a schematic diagram to explain "Crown corrosion (冠狀腐蝕)" in sewers. (15%)
- 3. An air pollution control device is to remove a particulate that is being emitted at a concentration of  $125,000 \,\mu\text{g/m}^3$  at an air flow rate of  $180 \,\text{m}^3/\text{s}$ . The device removes 0.48 metric ton per day. What are the emission concentration and the collection recovery? (15%)
- 4. Please describe what Net Zero (淨零排放) is. (15%)
- 5. A wastewater treatment plant would like to improve its ammonia nitrogen (NH<sub>3</sub>-N) removal, and the plant manager selected Modified Ludzack-Ettinger (MLE) to remove ammonia nitrogen. Please draw a schematic diagram of MLE method, and what is fundamental theory of MLE (hint: write nitrification and denitrification reaction and the responsible microorganisms). (15%)
- 6. Incineration, pyrolysis (熱裂解), and gasification (氣化) are common thermal methods used to treat solid waste. Please describe the three methods and their applications. (20%)