

所別：機械工程學系碩士班 甲組(固力與設計) 科目：工程數學  
乙組(製造與材料)  
丙組(熱流)

光機電工程研究所碩士班 乙組(光機組)  
能源工程研究所碩士班

一、(33%=5%+5%+10%+5%+8%)

1.

(a) Solve the initial value problem  $y' + y^2 = 1$ ,  $y(0) = 0$ . (5%)

(b) Find the general solution of the differential equation (5%)

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{-y \cos x - \sin y}{x \cos y + \sin x}$$

2. Find the general solution of the differential equation (10%)

$$y'' + y' - 2y = (x+1)e^x$$

3. Consider the eigenvalue problem

$$(p(x)y')' + \{q(x) + \lambda r(x)\}y = 0, \quad \alpha < x < \beta$$

$$p(\alpha) = p(\beta), \quad y(\alpha) = y(\beta), \quad y'(\alpha) = y'(\beta)$$

where  $p \geq 0$ ,  $q \leq 0$ , and  $r > 0$  are all real and continuous for  $\alpha \leq x \leq \beta$ .

(a) Show that eigenfunctions corresponding to distinct eigenvalues are orthogonal with respect to the weight function  $r(x)$ . (5%)

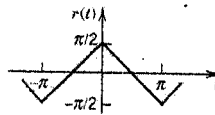
(b) Show that all eigenvalues are real and nonnegative. (8%)

二、(33%=9%+9%+9%+6%)

1. Evaluate the surface integral  $\iint_S \vec{F} \cdot \vec{n} dA$ ,

where  $\vec{F} = -x \cos(xy)\vec{i} + y \cos(xy)\vec{j} + (4x^2 + 5xy + 6z)\vec{k}$  and  $S$  is the surface of the tetrahedron with vertices  $(0,0,0)$ ,  $(1,0,0)$ ,  $(0,1,0)$ ,  $(0,0,1)$ . (9%)

2. Find the Fourier series of the periodic function  $r(t)$  of period  $p = 2\pi$ , as shown below. (9%)



3. Mathematically prove that the eigenvalues of a symmetric matrix are real. (9%)

4. It has been known that  $\text{curl}(\nabla f)$  is a zero vector for any twice continuously differentiable scalar function  $f$ . Physically explain why? (6%)

注意：背面有試題

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三、(34% = 10%+12%+12%)

1. Use separation of variables to find product solutions of  $\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x \partial y} = u$ . (10%)

2. Use the Laplace transform to solve

$$\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} = \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial t^2}, \quad 0 < x < 3, \quad t > 0$$

$$u(0, t) = 0, \quad u(3, t) = 0, \quad t > 0$$

$$u(x, 0) = \sin \frac{\pi x}{3}, \quad \left. \frac{\partial u}{\partial t} \right|_{t=0} = 0 \quad (12\%)$$

3. Evaluate  $\int_0^{\pi} \frac{\cos 2\theta}{2 - \cos \theta} d\theta$ . (12%)