國立中央大學八十六學年度碩士班研究生入學試題卷

所別: 資訊工程研究所 不分組 科目:

線性代數

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※ 請務必按照題號次序做答。

- 1. (50%) True and False. (一定要有説明、證明或反例;每小題 5 分)
 - (a) A consistent linear system has infinitely many solutions if and only if at least one column in the coefficient matrix does not contain a pivot position.
 - (b) The linear system Ax = 0 always has solution.
 - (c) The linear transformations of n linear-dependent vectors are linearly dependent.
 - (d) The geometric operations: translation, rotation, and scaling are linear transformation.
 - (e) If a linear transformation $T: \mathbb{R}^n \to \mathbb{R}^m$ is one-to-one, then n = m.
 - (f) A is invertible if and only if A^3 is invertible.
 - (g) $A^3 = 0$ if and only if det A = 0.
 - (h) Let R^n be the set of all vectors with n entries. R^n is a subspace of R^{n+1} .
 - (i) If $n \times n$ matrix A has n linearly independent eigenvectors, then A is invertible.
 - (j) If matrix A has orthonormal columns, then $AA^T = I$.
- 2. (10%) Calculate A^{21} , where $A = \begin{bmatrix} 7 & 2 \\ -4 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$.
- 3. (10%) Let A be an $n \times n$ invertible matrix. Show that Ax = b has solution

$$x_i = \frac{\det A_i(b)}{\det A} \quad i = 1, 2, ..., n$$

where $A_{i}(b)$ is the matrix obtained from A by replacing the ith column with vector

- 4. (10%) Find bases for Col A, Row A, Nul A, and Nul A^T, where $A = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 & 3 \\ 1 & 2 & 1 & 1 \\ 4 & 1 & -3 & 4 \\ 1 & 3 & 2 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$
- 5. (10%) Show that if A is diagonalizable, then A^T and A^{-1} are also diagonalizable.
- 6. (10%) Find a **QR** factorization of matrix $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -2 & -1 \\ 2 & 0 & 1 \\ 2 & -4 & 2 \\ 4 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$.